WASHINGTON NEWS.

The new whiskey regulations were yesuse wholesale stamps, but are to be allowed to all I have to say is he is a very indifferent place their own trade-marks conspicuously | political tactician, however great he may

upon packages, with the rectifier's stamp. Hereafter rectifiers, upon purchasing collector all the circumstances of purchase, and the cereal marks, and number and date of tax stamp, and number of proof gallons received, will be entitled to receive after rectification stamps sufficient to cover an lations are very stringent in regard to the reports necessary to be made by rectifiers of the amount of high wines and spirits purmuch more thorough system of checks upon the rectifiers. The Commissioner has reason to believe that the interests of the service will be greatly promoted when the new officers throughout the country .- Washington Republican, Saturday.

THE MOBILE REVENUE FRAUDS-HIS-19.-Warrants have been issued for the arrest of the parties implicated in the Mobile whiskey and tobacco frauds. The frauds are known in the Treasury Department as the "Ann D." case, from the fact that the schooner Ann D, was represented to have been engaged for the transportation of the whiskey and tobacco to Tampico, Mexico. Clearance papers were obtained from the customs officers for her, and a man named Walker, who has since fled to England, and who was then in the Government service as tificate of the receipt on board of the ves-sel of 1,965 barrels of whiskey and 998 boxes of tobacco.

The evidence obtained by the detectives the time, but was employed as a lighter off Pensacola, and that her capacity did not amount to 100 tons, while the clearance papers read as if issued for a large ship. The etectives also discovered that only 100 of the 1,965 barrels of whiskey were shipped from Ciuti to Mobile. The records of the office of the collector of internal revenue show that the whole amount was received and stored in a bonded warehouse, and that the tax, amounting altogether to \$187,-042 78, was not collected, as the law does not require it to be paid on whiskey intended for expertation. The bonded warelouse was carried on by Leonard & Co., but it is believed that no such firm ever existed. and that it was used as a blind by the which is now sought to be perpetuated in

their operations.

rietly as follows: The ring shipped a part of the whiskey in bond from Ciuti, pretending to ship the whole, and in that way rights of labor, and subordinate its votaries knocked at the door, which being opened, succeeded in getting the remainder on the to the merciless demands of aggregated the jailor had a Colt's pistol presented at market without paying the tax. At Mobile that it had been shipped to Tampico, but in reality not a single barrel ever was shipped, and the vessel alleged to have been chartered for its transportation was not even in that port at the time the clearance papers were granted. Blank receipts, with the co signed to them, were purchased in New Orleans, and filled up to show the arrival of the whiskey there, so that the records of the several departments of the Government show that it was shipped from Ciuti to Tampico, when, in fact, it was put on the market without paying tax. The case has been hanging in the Treasury for more than a year, and was first brought to the attention of the Department by a man named Hammond, who was a clerk in the employ of the owners of the whiskey. The exact interest in the office of all the parties who are to be arrested is unknown, but it has been discovered that Walker, the inspector, received \$1,500 cash for his share of the transaction, and that the other Government officers were more liberally paid for their work.

Letter from A. G. Brown, of Mississippi.

A letter addressed by ex-Governor A. G. or the money into bonds, at pleasure.

That the claim of bond-holders that bonds Brown, of Mississippi, to Judge Dent, appears in the Baltimore Sun of Saturday. It begins by assuring the Judge that if he is elected in Mississippi he will be expected to administer the Government as a Republican, upon the Grant platform of equal and securities is in violation of the just rights to all men. He regrets that the elecof the cotton-picking season, which result in the subversion of free instituwill greatly disturb the operation, to the injury of planters. He thinks it hardly fair that the material interests of Mississippi should be subordinated to the inte- and interest of the Government to foster on entirely the land is dried up, and no rests of the President's friends in Ohio and and protect it. Its importance, therefore, hope can be seen for the crop. Pennsylvania.

Governor Brown complains that the President seems to distrust the people of Mis- Labor, which shall aid in protecting it acter of a Pompeian guide. sissippi. Their main idea in taking Judge above all other interests. Dent to head their ticket was to assure the President that they were sincere.

We make the following extract from the

protested our willingness to support the follow the example of the National Con-President on his own grounds. We have gress in the recognizing of eight hours as a laid down a platform of principles, as we day's work. sincerely think, in exact accordance with Resolved, That political equality being striking the lady in the right side, causing his policy. We have invited his brother- one of the cardinal principles of this orin-law, whom we supposed to be in full ganization, we therefore urge the full restisympathy with him personally and politi- tution of civil and political rights to every cally, to stand as our candidate for Gover- American citizen, except such as have been nor. And we intend in September to put a | convicted of felony. ticket in the field composed exclusively of | The platform, as read, was unanimously his acknowledged friends. And we intend | adopted. to elect it, if he will let us. When I say we, I mean all who agree to the policy we are | Convention the Committee on Obnoxious | pursuing, and that, I undertake to say, is Laws reported as follows: a vast majority of the people of Mississippi,

he will, and he is the only power on earth ers to combine for self-protection to secure that can do it. If he shows a want of confi- their alienable rights, a fair day's wages dence in the forty thousand white voters in for a fair day's work; and whereas such the State who offer him their support, he laws were passed exclusively in the intewill paralyze their zeal and neutralize their rest and for the benefit of capitalists anefforts, and the consequence will be that tagonistic to the spirit of American liberty; thousands on thousands of negro votes will and whereas there is no redress for the and Ohio railroad.—Baltimore Sun of Sabe sponged up by the other side that would mechanic or laborer in the State of Pennotherwise be cast for you. If the President sylvania to take an appeal, if in his judgwill simply carry out his promise made to ment he thinks he is unjustly taxed and your friends last winter, and see to it that convicted under this tyrannical law: there- Schoeppe was convicted and sentenced to we have a fair election, that is all we want. | fore, To do this he must check up General Ames.

ment and acting military Governor of this unconditional repeal. State, that he should openly pledge his signed and adopted. support to the other side? Is it fair that A motion for a speci he should turn your friends out of office for the purpose of electing officers for the because they are your friends, Union men ensuing year was agreed to. though they were, and Republicans though they are and have been from the first? Is Resolved, That it shall be the duty of to Mississippi, to be himself a candidate for their members; third, how many are their dropped dead in the court-room.

dividing line between them?

that of the white element who can read and write, and therefore understand what is terday put in the printer's hands, but the being done, a very large majority are now proof will be subject to revision, and it may for you. The negroes will take sides as the last three months, and how many have two weeks before they will be ready for they are led-either way. To show the died; eleventh, have they tried cooperative distribution. They will be got up in pam- utter weakness of the other side, Ames, phlet form, the same as the regulations now after the most diligent search, has not been sued concerning taxes on tobacco, snuff, able, with all the corrupting influence of and cigars, furnishing all information in official patronage, to find men enough in any other important or interesting facts. admirably arranged manner, and will be the State of his way of thinking to fill the found invaluable to all concerned in the offices. If the President is determined to business. They will give full effect to the uphold such a power as that at the expense law of April 10, 1869, and also certain pro- of driving from his support nineteen-twenvisions of the old law which were deemed tieths of all the white men in the State, and conflicting. Compounders of spirits are as a necessary consequence, sooner or later, regarded as rectifiers, and cannot hereafter a large portion of the colored voters, then

high wines or spirits, and reporting to the National Labor Convention .-- The Coal of Thomas J. Thompson, residing near Hap-Mining Troubles---Report of the Committee on Female Labor---Coolie

be as a commander of armies.

Labor Denounced, &c. PHILADELPHIA, August 20 .- In the larectification stamps sufficient to cover an bor Convention to-day, morning session, a equal number of proof gallons. The regulation proof gallons in the regulation of proof gallons are sufficient to cover an bor Convention to-day, morning session, a country of the proof gallons. the coal mining districts was read. The would be lynched the jail was guarded seveonly point in it was the suggestion that it is a question whether the Government should chased, and collectors will hereafter have a not take possession of the coal mines of the country, paying the present owners a fair valuation for the same, and run these mines as the gold mines of California have been, in the interest of the whole people. The regulations are enforced by the revenue national wealth of the country should never pass out of the hands of the people into the

hands of monopolists. The Committee on Organization made a report with amendments, but, after debate, TORY OF THE CASES .- Washington, August the matter was laid on the table and the committee discharged. The committee on female labor made a report; which was adopted. It was resolved that the Congress recommend that all trades unions make immediate efforts to secure a thorough organization of female labor, and demand the same pay for work equally well done by women as that done by men; that every avenue of labor for which woman is physically capacitated should be freely opened to her on the same terms and conditions as allowed to any class of laborers. a revenue inspector, furnished official cer- We ask for women equal opportunities and rights in every field of enterprise and la-

Resolutions were adopted for the appointment of a committee on ways and means shows that the vessel was not at Mobile at and a standing committee. Resolutions denouncing coolie labor, and declaring that voluntary Chinese emigrants should be protected like other citizens, were adopted. A special committee on a new political party was appointed.

Adjourned till 2 o'clock P. M. The following is a synopsis of the plat-

form adopted : All political power is inherent in the people, and free government founded on their authority and established for their benefit; that laborers in all departments of useful industry are suffering from a system of monetary laws which were enacted during the late war as measures, it was assumed, necessary to the life of the nation, and guarded by a strong force of armed men. whiskey ring during the entire period of the interests of bond-holders and bankers, as means to subvert the Government of our The modus operandi of the case was fathers, and establish on its ruins an empire in which all political power shall be centralized, to restrain and oppress the

capital and supercilious authority; that the his head, and a demand made for the keys papers were procured from the officers of the customs and internal revenue showing the spirit of liberty and subversive of the fined. The demand could not, under the circular that the spirit of liberty and subversive of the spirit of liberty and spirit of principles of justice, and without warrant cumstances, be resisted, and the key was to Matanzas. Three coast patrol schooners in the Constitution of the United States, is delivered. The jailor was then locked up are receiving their armament at the arsenal wrongfully increasing the burdens of the wealth-producing classes millions of dollars annually; justice, the aspirations of honest industry, and the spirit of imperilled liberty, name of the United States consul at Tampi- demand its immediate repeal, and the substitution of legal-tender notes as the exclusive currency of the nation.

That the National Labor Union is opposed to the continuation and creation of bonds by acts of incorporation by either State or national authority, with the privilege of making, issuing, or putting into circulation, any notes or other papers of any other bank to circulate as money, except legaltender Treasury notes therein contemplated. That the revenue laws of the United States should be altered so that instead of subordinating labor to capital they may

afford just protection to labor and the industrial interests of the whole country. The legal-tender money should be made legal-tender in the payment of all debts, public and private, and convertible at the option of the holder into Government bonds, bringing interest at the rate of three per cent. per annum, with the privilege to the holder to reconvert the bonds into money,

which were bought by greenbacks, and the of land which will not produce two bushels principal of which is, by law, payable in currency, should nevertheless be paid in gold, is unjust and extortionate.

That the exemption from tax of bonds principle of the revenue laws.

That land monopolies are at variance tion had been postponed to so late a period with the doctrine that all freemen, when as the 30th November, on the ground that they form a social compact, are equal in the campaign will be in the midst rights, and, if persisted in, must ultimately tions, as also the social and political wellbeing of the laboring masses.

of national prosperity, it is both the duty where the artificial manures are depended demands the creation of an executive department of the Government at Washington, to be denominated the Department of

That the National Labor Congress earnestly recommend the adoption of such measures among all classes of workmen, in all sections of the country, as will secure the adoption of the eight-hour system, and call Now, what have we done? We have upon the respective State Legislatures to

In the afternoon session of the Labor

Whereas there exists in the statutes of several States enactments making it a penal his home his physician was called in, who The President can defeat your election if offence for American mechanics and labor-

Resolved, That the workingmen of the murder of an elderly lady, a Miss Stin-Is it fair, as commander of this depart- United States emphatically demand their nicke. He was her attending physician,

A motion for a special session at 5 o'clock he forged.

it fair to appoint none to office but those each labor organization to reply quarterly who labor on the other side? Is it fair for to the following questions: First, the name the General, helding the relations he does of the labor union; second, the number of

the United States Senate? All this I charge | usual hours of daily labor; fourth, what is and can prove; and I simply ask can we, the aggregate amount of their wages; fifth under these circumstances, expect a fair what is the average cost of living; sixth election? Is the President deceived as to have they got steady employment; seventh. the relative strength of the two parties in how many of them have been out of emthis State, making his own election the ployment for the last three months; eighth, are those who have work fully employed I do not hesitate to give it as my opinion ninth, has there been a rise or fall of their wages during the last five years; tenth how many members have been prevented from working on account of sickness during

production, and what is the result. Aside from giving these answers it is left to the choice of every trades union to add Adopted.

VIRGINIA NEWS.

THE RAVISHERS LYNCHED .- We have an nounced the horrid news of the violation of an unfortunate young white girl by two negroes near Front Royal, county town or court-house of Warren county. The young lady's name was Alice Thompson, daughter py Creek Station, Orange, Alexandria and Manassas railroad. The negroes-Charles Brown and Jacob Berryman-were promptly arrested and committed to jail in Front Royal. Under the apprehension that they ral nights.

The committing magistrates sent the accused on for trial before the circuit court on the 25th of August.

The Alexandria Gazette gives the follow ing as the statement of the young lady:

She said that the arrested men were those who had attacked her; that she had first noticed them standing by the fence on the side of the road about half a mile from Front Royal, and paid no attention to them, but that after proceeding some distance further on she observed that they were coming on behind her, and feeling a little uneasy, she hastened her steps, but found to her great alarm that they were gaining upon her. When she looked around again she observed that only one was in sight. The other had circled around in the woods, and came out again in front of her just as she approached a deep cut in the railroad, and seizing her by the hand, dragged her into the woods, pointing a pistol at her head and threatening her with instant death if she

offered any resistance. When in the woods he caught her by the throat and threw her to the ground. After that she recollects nothing except that upon rising from the ground and tottering towards the road the same one who had thrown her down again took hold of her and pushed her towards the other, who was standing near by, and though doing as he directed her, she had strength enough to shrick before he reached her, and that that shrick attracted the attention of a man who was at work in a field near by, at whose approach

her assailants fled. As may readily be imaged, the narration of this incident occasioned the most intense excitement in the minds of all who heard it, and threats of lynching the criminals portant. were so current in the neighborhood that the jail for some days and nights was

On Thursday the guard was removed and on that night they were lynched, as we learn by telegraph. The Gazette says:

At 2 o'clock A. M. a body of disguised men surrounded the jail, one of whom shade. in his own room, and knows nothing more of what transpired. Nor can any more facts be clicited, except that the cell in which the prisoners were locked up was empty this morning, and that the mail-boy morning, on the road to Front Royal, a taken place. number of strange looking men.

SOUTHSIDE CROPS .- The Roanoke Valley of the 19th instant, very good authority, gives the following crop report:

After a trip of more than seventy miles through this region we have come to the conclusion that two of the staple crops of our vicinity-viz., corn and tobacco-are bring up to anything like one-fourth of an average crop.

Our observations extended through portions of Mecklenburg, Halifax, Charlotte, Lunenburg, and Prince Edward. The same state prevails everywhere. The corn on the river bottoms has not suffered like that on uplands, but some of the bottom lands will not yield half a crop, while on many of the upland fields there will not be onehalf fodder enough to pay for the plowing, let alone any corn. There is a great deal to the acre.

As for tobacco, that being nearly all on uplands, is therefore nearly all ruined. We saw hundreds of thousands of hills on which the plant was not four inches high ; where it had grown tall the leaves were thin and spindling, and stood up to the stalk.

Our estimate is that less than one-sixth of a crop will be made in all the counties

we have mentioned. Another thing we noticed was that when the land was really rich and in good culti-That as labor is the foundation and cause vation tobacco will make something, but

The Norfolk Virginian very appropriately says that Mrs. Stowe appears in the char-

SERIOUS ACCIDENT .- From a letter received yesterday by a gentleman of this city, we learn that several days since Miss Margaret Hill, a niece of the late General A. P. Hill, of Confederate fame, was accidentally shot and killed at McIntos's Bluff by her brother-in-law, Mr. G. W. Skinner. Mr. Skinner was in the act of placing fresh caps on his pistol, when it went off, the ball instant death .- Mobile Register.

DEATH OF CAPTAIN GEORGE A. RAW-LINGS .- Captain George A. Rawlings, a well-known messenger connected with the Adams Express between this city and Norfolk, died rather suddenly at his residence, No. 51 south Exeter street, about 1 o'clock yesterday morning. The deceased came up in the Norfolk steamer on Wednesday morning, feeling unwell, and on reaching pronounced his disease inflammation of the stomach. He suffered much during the two following days, and died as above stated.

Captain Rawlings was extensively known throughout the country, having, in years ductors on the main stem of the Baltimore

A MURDERER SENTENCED .- Dr. Paul and poisoned her. After her death he claimed her property under a will which

The trial was interesting, involving much scientific information. The murderer is reported to have been a most accomplished chemist.

He asked a new trial, which was denied. When the sentence was announced, William Gould, an old gentleman, court-crier,

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

Washington News WASHINGTON, August 21 .- The revenue eccipts to-day were \$474,000. Indian Commissioner Parker has departed

northward. One hundred recruits from Newport bar racks are ordered to St. Paul, Minnesota. A comparative statement of the revenue receipts shows an increase of \$10,000,000 in the July of this year over last.

J. Ross Browne will return to China it his course is approved. Mr. Williams remains in charge of the mission there. Some of the national banks, in view of the advance, are withdrawing their 10-40's

and substituting 5-20's for them. The tobacco factory of Henderson & Bro ther, at Keokuk, and the distillery of Dillinger & Stevenson, at Pittsburg, have been seized for violation of the revenue laws. The shipments of fractional currency during the week were \$80,000.

The Gettysburg Identification---Confederate Generals not Likely to be

WASHINGTON, August 21 .- It is stated on excellent authority that General Lee nor any other noted Confederate will attend at the identification of the battle-field of Gettysburg. They avoid such a meeting because they are apprehensive of disagreements regarding the positions and relative numbers of the combatants. Among the obstacles to the meeting is the fact that of the corps commanders Longstreet is in New Orleans; A. P. Hill is dead; Ewell, from the loss of a leg and ill-health, is unable to travel; and Stuart, who commanded the cavalry, is dead. Without the presence of these officers a correct identification is im-

Ravishers Lynched in Virginia. WASHINGTON, August 21 .- The two negroes implicated in the outrage of Miss Thompson, near Front Royal, were taken by the citizens and hung yesterday.

The National Labor Convention. PHILADELPHIA, August 21 .- The Labor ongress assessed five cents on each memer of the labor organizations to defray the expenses, and elected R. Trevellick president and A. T. Cavis first vice-president.

The United States Ministers in South America Returning Home.

NEW YORK, August 21 .- The steamer North American, from Rio July 26th, has arrived. The sloop-of-war Portsmouth and gunboat Kansas were there; all well on

It was reported that Ministers McMahon and Worthington, with their families, would return via Europe.

The Drought in Philadelphia. PHILADELPHIA, August 21.—The creek having dwindled down into puddles, and thus lessened the supply of water, much apprehension is felt in case of fire. Several disastrous fires have already occurred.

From Central America. NEW YORK, August 21 .- The steamer Arizona, from Aspinwall, has arrived with \$59,000 in specie. Her news is not im-

Death from Heat. CINCINNATI, August 21 .- Two deaths occurred to-day from the intense heat.

The Weather South. Augusta, Ga., August 21 .- The thermometer to-day stands at 98 degrees in the

WILMINGTON, N. C., August 21 .- The weather is clear. Thermometer 87 degrees.

Cuba. HAVANA, August 21 .- De Rodas has gone

PATRIOT ACCOUNTS. WASHINGTON, August 21 .- The Cubans have advices to the 15th instant, which report the complete disorganization of the Spanish volunteer forces, many of whom from Luray passed about daylight this are affiliating with Cespedes. No fight has

> The Haytien War-More Skirmishing. HAVANA, August 21 .- The United States ship Seminole has sailed for Porto Rico. The privateer Telegrafo, which she was sent to apture, is anchored off Tortola.

Haytien advices to the 9th instant are received. Salnave had retreated from Jacmel, but still besieged Aux Cayes. A Dutch schooner loaded with articles contraband of dead failures, which no amount of rain can war had been captured. The rebel President was at St. Marks arming the Columbia and Delphine to attack Salnave's fleet. A gold dollar is worth 1,000 Haytien paper

Foreign News. FRANCE.

Paris, August 21 .- The Empress and Prince Imperial depart eastward Monday for the opening of the Suez canal. The French authorities have arrested twelve Carlist leaders while attempting to

cross the border into Spain. La France says Cuba is lost to Spain, and the wisest thing Spain can do is to take advantage of the present situation.

ENGLAND. LONDON, August 21 .- The latest betting is two to one on the Oxford boat crew. The weather to-day at noon is fair, and

favorable for crops. The crops of all description except wheat

are reported from all parts of the Kingdom to be at least as good as the average. The Spectator says, regarding the coming boat race between the Oxford and Harvard crews, that opinions with respect to

the crews and chances of victory are nearly even. The public are inquiring whether the Americans ever put out their whole strength. The course is a hard one, and the race is likely to be close. If the weather is bad, the result will probably be in favor of the Oxfords; if good, the Harvards will win. A nice, slow English drizzle is the thing to take the heart out of the

the invasion and insurrection stories, it is

the invasion and insurrection stories, it is now believed the Carlist movement is ended.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, August 21.—The regular mail steamer from Rio reports Lopez at Ascurra with plenty of provisions, but short of ammunition. The allies had captured Villa Rica, and were preparing to storm Ascurra.

SOUTH AMERICA.

LISBON, August 21.—The regular mail steamer from Rio reports Lopez at Ascurra with plenty of provisions, but short of ammunition. The allies had captured Villa Rica, and were preparing to storm Ascurra.

SUPPLIENT OF PERSONS HOLDING OBLIGATIONS OF THE TRUSTEES OF HENRICO UNION LODGE A., F., AND A. M., No. 130.—Pursuant to a resolution passed by Henrico Union Lodge, No. 130, as follows—"Resolved, I. That A. R. Courtney, A. S. Lee, J. S. Dodson, and William T. King, who are hereby appointed a committee for that purpose, be, and they are, hereby authorized and directed to advertise in one of the public newspapers of this city for ten days consecutively for all persons holding stock or scrip issued by the trustees of this Lodge to produce the same before them at a place and on a day named by them in said advertisement"—

COMMISSION MERCHANTS.

MILLS & RYANT, TOBACCO EXAMDER RICHMOND, VA. BROKERS
and COMMISSION MERCHANTS for the purchase and sale of LEAF and MANUFACTURED
TOBACCOS. Orders solicited. Liberal advances
made on consignments. Refer to A. F. Harvey,
President of National Bank of Virginia; James
Thomas, Jr., Esq., Richmond, Va.; Messrs. H.
Messenger & Co., New York; Messrs. Johnson &
Thompson, Boston, Mass. 1y 24

DICHMOND EMPORIUM. SCOTT'S SHAVING AND HAIR-DRESSING

SALOON (SHAFER'S BUILDING), MAIN STREET BETWEEN TENTH AND ELEVENTH STREETS (DOWN STAIRS) adjoining Charles Euker's saloon. This elegant establishment, recently fitted up with all modern improvements, is now open to the

SHAVING and HAIR-CUTTING and DRESS-ING done according to taste by the following pro-fessors of the tonsorial art: JOHN J. SCOTT, Proprietor and Superintend-

ent;
JOHN COOLEY, Assistant;
JOHN H. SMITH, Assistant;
E. D. BROWN, Assistant;
ROBERT M. CLARKE, Assistant.

COMMERCIAL.

Grain and Flour Markets. CORN AND FLOUR EXCHANGE, RICHMOND, August 21, 1869.

OFFERINGS. Wheat .- White, 4,970 bushels. Red, 9,044 bush-Corn.—White, 6.864 bushels. Mixed, 478 bushels Qats.—520 bushels. Rye .- 104 bushels. SALES.

Wheat.—White, 350 bushels prime at \$1.65; 982 bushels very good to prime at \$1.62\frac{1}{2}; 1,113 bushels good to very good at \$1.60; 22 bushels very fair at \$1.57\frac{1}{2}, 38 bushels at \$1.45; 56 bushels fair at \$1.55—total, 2,561. Red. 780 bushels prime. \$1.55: 402 bushels very good, \$1.52\frac{1}{2}; 102 bushels mixed at \$1.55; 1.850 bushels good at \$1.50; 1.842 bushels fair at \$1.45: 10 bushels mixed at \$1.40; 758 bushels fair at \$1.45: 10 bushels mixed at \$1.40; 758 bushels fair at \$1.45: 240 bushels fair at \$1.42\frac{1}{2}: 124 bushels good at \$1.47\frac{1}{2}: 240 bushels medium at \$1.40; 310 bushels common at \$1.35; 14 bushels inferior at \$1.20—total, 6.680 bushels. **St. 30.—total, 4.680 bushels very good at \$1.28.

**Corn.—White, 360 bushels very good at \$1.28.

**Mixed, 26 bushels very good at \$1.30; 250 bushels good on private terms; 202 bushels good at \$1.28.

**Oats.—332 ubshels very good at 57½c.; 10 bushels prime at 59c.—total, 348 bushels.

Rye.-104 bushels prime at \$1.17. RE-EXHIBITED. Wheat.—White, 1.264 bushels. Red, 782 bushels. Corn.—White, 834 bushels. Oats.—150 bushels.

REMARKS .- Offerings of Wheat on 'Change to day : White, 4,970 bushels : red, 9,044 bushels-total, 14,614 bushels, of which there were re-exhibited 1,264 bushels white and 782 bushels red. Sales were 2,561 bushe's white, 6,680 bushels red_total, 9,241 bushels, leaving over 4,773 bushels not reported or not sold .- - chiefly not sold, for the incorrigibles in not reporting are becoming daily fewer and fewer. The amount of grain offered on 'Change this week was: Wheat, white, 32,072 bushels; red, 40,576 bushels. Corn, white, 8,872 bushels; mixed, 1,396 bushels. Oats, 12,670 bushels. Rye, 1,070 bushels. Total, 96,656 bushels.

Same time in 1868 : Wheat, white, 15, 478 bushels red, 22,778 bushels. Corn, white, 3,721 bushels yellow, 1,660 bushels; mixed, 3,052 bushels. Oats, 25,750 bushels. Rye. 1,662 bushels_total, 74,051 bushels. Same time in 1867: Wheat, white, 12,282 bushels; red, 10,466 bushels. Corn. white, 7,536 bushels; yellow, 534 bushels; mixed, 1,156 bushels, Oats, 7,712 bushels. Rye, 232 bushels_total, 39,918 bushels.

Let it be observed that these tables show an excess in 1868 over 1867 of 34,133 bushels, and an excess of 1869 over 1868 of 22,665 bushels. That is an excess of 1869 over 1867 of 56,738 bushels. Now let us look at the prices as quoted on 'Change on today and the corresponding date of 1868 and 1867 : August 21, 1867, -Wheat-White, prime, \$2.40; red. very good, \$2.20. Corn-White, prime, \$1.05. Oats-Prime, 573c. Rye-Prime, \$1.22. August 21, 1868.-Wheat-White, prime, \$2.75; red, prime, \$2.60. Corn-White, \$1.28. Oats-Prime, 65c. Rye-Prime, \$1.52}. Next, let us see what the comparative receipts of

four and grain at the ports of Chicago, Milwaukee, Toledo, Detroit, and Cleveland, were from January 1 to August 14 in the years indicated : 1869. 1868. 1867. 1866. Flour, bbls... 2,963,899 1,844,276 1,545,071 1,907,873

Wheat, bus. 29,532,569 9,687,676 6.813,398 10,993,431 Corn, bus. 18,149,258 21,893,586 10,982,119 25,375,950 Onts, bus. 6,557,225 6,722,374 4,218,394 8,011,958 Rarley, bus. 430,433 433,510 556,587 389,296 Barley, bus... 430,433 433,510 556,587 389,296 Rye, bus.... 588,060 310,645 638,280 1,123,824 Total bus . .46,257,535 39,045,791 31,908,778 45,804,459 Again, let us look at the comparative prices o Flour from 1825 to August, 1869, as made up by th

Baltimore Gazette:

"In 1825 the highest price paid for North river wheat was in May, \$1.06 per bushel. In December, 1827, it reached \$1.25 per bushel. In December, 1831, it sold for \$1.35. In January, 1838, it sold for \$2, and in December for \$2.10. It did not reach this price again until 1855, when it sold in January for \$2.60; in May for \$2.80. In 1857, the year of the financial crash, it sold for \$1.05 in July. In April, 1864, it sold for \$2; in July for \$2.75; in December for \$3.30: in May, 1867, for \$3.50; and in August, 1869, wheat sells in Chicago from \$1.42 for No. 1 spring to No. 2 white winter at \$1.37. These prices show the fact, gratifying to all, that we are getting Baltimore Gazette :

show the fact, gratifying to all, that we are gettin back to the prices for flour which prevailed befor From all these figures, then, and bearing in mind that the population of Virginia has not increased in the same ratio as the increase in grain, as exhibited in the Richmond Corn Exchange tables above given, we confess that we do not concur in doubt sincerely, but we think too lugubriously. CUSHINGS & BAILEY, It is true great anxiety provails about the control of the It is true great anxiety prevails about the corn at fault among even some of the most knowing ones on 'Change as to what will be the price byand-bye. There are, however, some few men who seem to have their minds made up, and are acting accordingly; but it is not for us to enter into their

private transactions. Wheat to-day was rather dull and decidedly lower. This may be in part owing to the fact that some buyers were doing but little; but be this as it may, the market, from some cause, was lower and less active. Corn was in large supply, (imported, partly,) and got into a state of "suspended animation"; and although \$1.30 was realized for a small lot of mixed, that price was paid because a party wanted a small lot. As to those who want corn in large quantities, they are importing on their own hook. Oats to-day in much reduced offering; sales dull and tending downward. Rye advancing.

Domestic Markets-[BY TELEGRAPH]. NEW YORK, August 21.—Noon.—Stocks fever-ish. Money steady at 6@7 per cent. Sterling— Long and short unchanged. Gold, 132. 5-20's, '62, 1222. Tennessee 6's, 614; new, 54 asked. Virginia 6's, ex-coupons, 55; new, 69. North Carolina 6's, old, 56; new, 50 asked.

6's, ex-coupons, 55; new, 60. North Carolina 6's, old, 56; new, 50 asked.
Flour 5@10c, lower. Pork dull at \$33. Wheat 3@5c, lower. Corn dull and lc, lower. Lard dull. Cotton quiet at 35c. Turpentine drooping at 42\cdot 22c.
Rosin firm; good common, \$2.32\cdot \partial 22c.
Rosin firm; good common, \$2.32\cdot \partial 22c.
Eccaing.—Cotton quiet; sales of 600 bales at 35c.
Flour dul and lower; superfine \$1ate, \$5.80\(\partial \partial 25c.\)
extra \$1ate, \$5.75\(\partial \partial 86.85\); choice, \$6.90\(\partial 87.\). Wheat dull; winter red and amber, \$1.54\(\partial 81.50\). Corn lower; mixed western, \$1.10\(\partial 81.19\). Whiskey decidedly firmer at \$1.25. Pork heavy; new mess, \$33\(\partial \partial 33.15\). Beef steady. Lard lower; kettle, 19\(\partial 202\) ic. Naval stores and groceries quiet. Freights firm and moderately active.
Governments steady; 5-20's, '62, 122\(\partial 2123\). Money easy at 5\(\partial 60\) per cent., with exceptions at 4. The bank statement is unfavorable. Sterling dull at 109\(\partial 09\). Gold, 131\(\partial 013\). The gold exports for the week were nearly \$500,000.

BALTIMORE, August 21.—Cotton firm at 35c.

BALTIMOBE, August 21.—Cotton firm at 35c. Flour dull and weak, but the low water makes a scant stock and maintains prices. Wheat dull and irregular; prime to choice red. \$1.59@\$1.50. Corn firm; white, \$1.14; yellow, \$1.13. Oats, 53@55c. Rye, \$1.10@\$1.17. Pork, \$34. Shoulders, 16; c. Lard unchanged. Whiskey, \$1.20@\$1.21. Virginia 6's, old, 47; 1866's, 55. North Carolina 6's, old, 56½; new, 49½ bid.

LOUISVILLE, August 21.—Provisions un-changed. Lard, 21c. Whiskey, \$1.16. CINCINNATI, August 21.—Whiskey excited at \$1.17. Pork, \$33.50. Shoulders, 15tc.; sides, 19c.

New Orleans, August 21.—Cotton dull. Sugar and molasses dull and unchanged. Gold, 1314. New York sight, & premium.

Foreign Markets-[BY TELEGRAPH].] LONDON, August 21 .- Noon. -Consols, 93%.

LIVERPOOL, August 21.—Noon.—Cotton a shade easier; uplands, 131d.; Orleans, 14d.; estimated sales 12,000 bales. Red western wheat, 9s. 9d.@10s. Flour, 25s. 3d. Afternoon.—Cotton continues easy; sales, 12,000 bales, including 4,000 for speculation and export. Tallow, 47s. 6d. Others unchanged. HAVRE, August 21 .- Cotton opens active and firm; on the spot and affoat, 1642f.

VIRGINIA PENITENTIARY, August 16, 1869.

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DO the following description of work in the zle is the thing to take the heart out of the Americans.

It is reported that the order for an ironclad to proceed to Cuba, on account of the detention of British vessels, has been countermanded.

SPAIN.

MADRID, August 21.—Notwithstanding the invasion and insurrection stories, it is

WE ARE NOW PREPARED TO DO the following description of work in the following description descri

and on a day named by the sum of the ment "—
notice is hereby given to all persons concerned that TUESDAY the 31st day of August, 1869, has been fixed as the time, and my office as the place, for presenting the claims referred to in the above resolution. Any one not wishing to attend on the day named can leave his or her claim with any member of the committee before the day named.

A. R. COURTNEY,
Chairman Committee, Office Thirteenth and Franklin streets.

EATHER BELTING, a superior arti-

The BATHING ESTABLISHMENT attached is the finest in the city. BATHS furnished for 25 cents each, or \$1 for five tickets.

SPEARS'S FRUIT-PRESERVING SOLUTION for sale by au 21-21*

L. WAGNER, Druggist.

BLUE WINDSOR LUMP PLASTER.—
for sale low. [Jy 27];

A. S. LEE.

BOARDING AND LODGING.

\$2.50 PER DAY. \$2.50 PER DAY. FORD'S HOTEL. RICHMOND, VA.

situated in the heart of the city, commanding the finest views, and adjoining the Capitol Square and Governor's Mansion. THIS SPLENDID NEW HOTEL— THIS SPLENDID NEW HOTEL—
the only one situated in the fashionable portion of
the city, and adjoining the beautiful Capitol Park,
with its statuary, monuments, fountains, and flower-beds—is newly and elegantly furnished throughout, and its bill of fare is not excelled in quality
and variety by any house in the State.

Special suits of rooms always ready for wedding
and large travelling parties. The arrangements
are first-class in every respect. The price of
board has been fixed, owing to the great scarcity of
money, at the reasonable sum of

money, at the reasonable sum of TWO DOLLARS AND A HALF PER DAY. The patronage of my friends and the travel-ling public are invited to make FORD'S HOTEL ling public are invited to make FORD'S HOTEL, their home.
A. J. FORD, PROPRIETOR,
(late one of the proprietors of the Exchange Hotel,)
RICHMOND, VA.
P. S.—My coaches run to and from all depots and steamboat landings.

au 20—lm

GILMOR HOUSE,

MONUMENT SQUARE,

BALTIMORE, MD.

THIS NEW AND COMMODIOUS HOTEL IS
NOW OPEN for the accommodation of the travel-

ling public.

It has been newly furnished throughout, and contains all the requisites for a FIRST-CLASS HOTEL; is centrally located and convenient to the business portion of the city, and public buildings,

KIRKLAND & CO., Proprietors.

Week

9,576

396

1s.

THE ST. CHARLES HOTEL—NEW
This popular house is now open for the reception of visitors. The new proprietor, Captain of visitors. The new proprietor, Captain is CHARLES P.BIGGER, has made great improvements, and is prepared to give his friends and the public generally an old Virginia welcome. CORNER OF MAIN AND FIFTEENTH STREETS, Richmond, Va.

\$3 PER DAY.

\$3 PER DAY.

\$3 PER DAY.

\$3 PER DAY.

\$4 POTSWOOD HOTEL,

The understary;

Actuary;

DIRECTORS:

John Enders, William F. Taylor, Samuel S. Cottrell, John Purcell, Charles T. Wortham, William William William H. Palmer, David I. Burr, Henry K. Ellyson, Asa Snyder, H. E. C. Baskervill, Samuel C. Tardy, W. B. Chalkley, J. W. Allison, George S. Palmer, Thomas D. Quarles, H. C. Cabell, D. J. Hartsook, John C. William B. Isaacs, George L. Bidgood, Samuel M. Price.

Dividend paid to policy-holders at end of the success of the

The undersigned, having leased this the only first-class hotel located on Main street, and within one square of the capitol, post-office, custom-house, theatre, and the great northern and southern railroad depots, respectfully inform the public that IT IS NOW OPEN. It will be thoroughly renovated, and refurnished to some extent.

This hotel is world-renowned as the headquarters of the President and Cabinet officers of the late Confederacy. It also contains the historic rooms of Presidents Davis, Johnson, and Grant, and Chief Justice Chase. rooms of Presidents Davis, Johnson, and Chief Justice Chase.

The travelling public are cordially invited to make their home at the Spotswood, where they will find every comfort and delicacy that this and other markets can supply.

Express and Telegraph office in the building.

J. M. SUBLETT,
C. B. LUCK,
W. B. BISHOP,
Proprietors.

BOOKS AND STATIONERY. INTERESTING TO TEACHERS.

In press, to be ready by October 1st,
THE PRINCIPLES OF ARITHMETIC. By S.
T. Pendleton, Principal of Classical School,
Richmond, Va., and formerly Assistant Professor at Virginia Military Institute, and Civil Eu-

sor at Virginia Minitary Institute, and sineer.
This book (about 100 pages, 12 mo.,) supplies a thing much wanted, being a work in which general principles are enforced by contrast, as numeration of all kinds of numbers together, &c., and to be studied in connection with or in review of any school arithmetic.
It includes fractions in the generalization.
The subject is brought within the compass of about ten weeks' study. Teachers would do well to send for sample copies, which will be sent, postage prepaid, our receipt of price—80c. Address prepaid, on receipt of price—sec. Address

A. H. CHRISTIAN & CO.,

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A CARD.—PERIODICALS.—Mrs. S. A. SMITH, No. 3 Broad near Foushee street, desires to inform her friends and the public generally that she keeps constantly on hand the POPULAR PERIODICALS, DAFLY and WEEKLY HAUSTRATED and NEWSPAPERS, SCHOOLBOOKS, STATIONERY, &c., &c., which she offers at prices she feels sure will give entire satisfaction. Country orders promptly and faithfully exe

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GENERAL BANK and COUNTING-HOUSE STATIONERY of all kinds.

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A good stock of blank-books of regular forms can always be found on their shelves ready for use.

Jy 27

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PENS, PENCILS. FANCY ARTICLES, &c., &c., which will be sold very cheap for cash. MAURY'S (second edition) PHYSICAL SUR-VEY OF VIRGINIA. Mailed to any address for \$1.
Also on hand, all of the leading NEWSPAPERS, PERIODICALS, MAGAZINES, &c., of

New novels always received as soon as issued by my 13

AGRICULTURAL IMPLEMENTS. PHE WATT PLOW .- Extract from the Baptist Visitor, Dover, State of Delaware We call the attention of our farmer friends to

the advertisement in another column of the 'Watt Plow.' The junior editor bought a No. O and P three-horse plow from the firm in Richmond, and, having day after day watched its operation, has no hesitancy in pronouncing it the finest improvement of its kind he ever saw. It will not choke, though driven through the heaviest briars, etc. A very great advantage it possesses is that it is of light draught. Our plowmen have done more work in one day than ever before, and with more pleasure. It costs us, delivered, sixteen dollars; but we would not do without it for three times that amount. · Try this plow, and you will throw all other kinds away. au 18-1m

DOCKAWAY WHEAT FANS, LOCO-MOTIVE WHEAT FANS, COCKLE SEPARATORS, &C.—The very best WHEAT FANS now in use are MONTGOMERY'S PATENT LOCOMOTIVE and ROCKAWAY FATENT LOCOMOTIVE and ROCKAWAY
FANS. Of these we keep all sizes constantly on
hand, and sell them with the fullest guarantee. No
farmer can afford to use an inferior fan, as the
loss in price of wheat badly cleaned is an important item. The attention of all who have cockle
in their wheat is invited to the PATENT
COCKLE SEPARATOR—a sample of which we
have on hand. In operation it is infallible so far as have on hand. In operation it is infallible so far as eachle is concerned.

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DENTAL NOTICE. DR. WAYT has returned to the city, and may be found at his office at all hours. DR. GEORGE B. STEEL, DEN-TIST, Office No. 723 Main street, administers pure nitrous oxide gas daily, and EXTRACTS TEETH WITHOUT PAIN, and performs all other dental operations in a skilful and satisfactory manner.

N. B. As Dr. Steel is frequently absent during the summer months, his patients from the country would do well to communicate with him by letter before coming to the city. Post-office box 2e4, Eighmond, Va. au 11—d&w

DR. GEORGE F. KEESEE, GRADental Surgery, gives his undivided attention to all operations pertaining to the practice of dentistry both in its relations to the NATURAL ORGANS and to their substitution by beautiful sets of ARTIFICIAL TEETH. TEETH EXTRACTED by the aid of pure ni trous oxide gas when desired.

Office corner Broad and Nineteenth streets.

LACE LEATHER, the best made, in sides or cut into strings ready for use;

SHEET and ROUND RUBBER PACKING;
EAGLE PACKING, a new and superior article;
RUBBER GASKETS, ready cut;
BABBIT METAL FLUE-SCRAPERS, TWIST DRILLS, &c. E. A. DAYTON,
Tenth street between Main and Cary.
au 17—Im

ONWARD! UPWARD!!—Having met

The Northern Lime, and we invite accarding to the content of which this lime is made is nearly pure, and the barrels are full size.

AGRICULTURAL LIME will be delivered at all points on James river and on the canal, slaked or in quick state, at the lowest rates.

Teeth filled gently and thoroughly.

NITROUS OXIDE GAS given every day.

Dental rooms and residence, No. 902 BROAD je?

NITROUS OXIDE GAS given every day.

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STREET.

THE NORTHERN LIME, and we invite accarding to the other viring to the this viring in the barrels are full size.

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W. G. TURPIN & CO., Manufacturers,

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TREET.

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THE NORTHERN LIME, and we invite accarding to the other viring to the this viring to the the this viring to th

ONWARD! UPWARD!!—Having met with success far beyond our expectation in the publication of the CHARLOTTE OBSERVER, we take this method of offering our papers, Daily. Tri-Weckiy, and Weckly, as among the best advertising mediums in Western North Carolina. Advertisements solicited. Terms moderate. Premiums! Premiums! We offer FIVE VALUABLE AGRICULTURAL PREMIUMS to persons getting up clubs for the WEEKLY OBSERVER. See posters. SMITH, WATSON & CO., au 20—et Charlotte, N. C.

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Its aim has been to exercise special care in the selection of risks, the strictest economy, and absolute security in the investment of its accumulations. The extreme responsibility of the company testifies to this safe and prudent course in the care of the sacred funds confided.

Special features, that should lead all to insure in the company. An investigation of its plans and merits will leave no one in doubt, and all will regret insurance elsewhere.

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CHARTERED 1794.
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It has more than TEN MILLIONS OF DOL-LARS insured on property pledged to make good ses. More than TWO AND A QUARTER shift LIONS OF DOLLARS have been paid in losses to the people of Virginia. Upwards of TWO HUNDRED AND FIFTEEN THOUSAND DOLLARS (a large part of it for losses during the war) have been paid since the war

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The former four-lifths system of insurance has

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Scrip dividend to holders of participating poli-cies, TWENTY-FIVE per cent.

The scrip of 1867 (25 per cent.) is now receivable as cash in payment of premiums.

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THE LARGEST INSURANCE COMPANY IN THE WORLD. Cash receipts for the year ending February 1, Cash recepts 100,000,000. Cash assets February 1, 1869, (invested in bonds and mortgages worth in every case double the amount loaned,) over \$32,000,000. Number of policies in force February 1, 1869, Number of policies in force February I, 1608, 62, 466.

This is an all-cash and a PURELY MUTUAL COMPANY, and is conducted on the only principle which time and experience has proven to be ultimately safe and trustworthy. All of its profits are divided annually among the insured in the most equitable manner, which can be used to decrease the premiums or to purchase more insurance, at the option of the policy-holders.

Application can be made to Mr. Lewis Booker, Mr. John T. Goddin, or the undersigned.

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DR. J. B. McCAW, Medical Examiner. my 7

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IME, LIME, LIME.-WILSON'S IME, LIME, LIME,—WILSON'S
LSUPERIOR VIRGINIA LIME.—FULL
SUPPLY CONSTANTLY ON HAND.—Having
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LL GRADES OF MACHINE OIL, A also Axle Grease, Linseed Oll, White Lead, Varnishes, Spirits Turpentine, and No. 1 Keroseno Oll, for sale by L. WAGNER, Druggist, au 21—2t* corner Sixth and Broad streets. TO CIDER-MAKERS.

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